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(To be filled in the OMR Sheet)

प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक Question Booklet No.

O.M.R. Serial No.				

प्रश्नपुस्तिका सीरीज Question Booklet Series **B** 

## BBA (Sixth Semester) Examination, July-2022 BBA-604(N)

## **Management Information System**

Time: 1:30 Hours Maximum Marks-100

जब तक कहा न जाय, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें

- निर्देश : –
- 1. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सीरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही— सही भरें, अन्यथा मृल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
- 2. इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमें से केवल 75 प्रश्नों के उत्तर परीक्षार्थियों द्वारा दिये जाने है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बाल प्वांइट पेन से पूरा भर दें। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी द्वारा किसी प्रश्न का एक से अधिक उत्तर दिया जाता है, तो उसे गलत उत्तर माना जायेगा।

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- 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आप के जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
- 4. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
- 5. ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाय।
- 6. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी ओ०एम०आर० शीट उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
- 7. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जॉच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीमॉित छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्ष निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

1.	CASE Tool is:
	(A) Computer aided software engineering
	(B) Component aided software engineering
	(C) Constructive aided software engineering
	(D) Computer analysis software engineering
2.	RAD stands for:
	(A) Rotate application development
	(B) Register application development
	(C) Related application development
	(D) Rapid application development
3.	Which is the most popular database model?
	(A) Network model
	(B) Relational model
	(C) Hierarchical model
	(D) Object oriented
4.	Assembling a product, identifying customers and hiring employees are:
	(A) Transactions
	(B) Phases
	(C) Business processes
	(D) Business functions
5.	The component of a decision support system that provides decision makers access
	to a variety of models and assists them in decision making is called the
	(A) Model base
	(B) Model management software
	(C) Database
	(D) Dialogue manager

6.	is a form of transaction processing in which all transactions are collected
	into a group and processed together.
	(A) Accumulation processing
	(B) Batch processing
	(C) Data collection
	(D) Data collection
7.	gives the computer the ability to make suggestions and act like an expert in
	a particular field.
	(A) Decision support systems
	(B) Virtual reality systems
	(C) Management information systems
	(D) Expert systems
8.	The project team is composed of the system professionals who are directly
	responsible for the system.
	(A) Testing
	(B) Building
	(C) Deleting
	(D) Innovating
9.	The accounting system is whereas the demand forecasting system is
	(A) Deterministic, probabilistic
	(B) probabilistic, deterministic
	(C) Open, close
	(D) Close, open
10.	The Management Information System receives input from the:
	(A) eis.
	(B) es.
	(C) dss.
	(D) tps.

11.	Projections and responses to queries are information output characteristics
	associated with:
	(A) dss
	(B) mis
	(C) ess
	(D) tps
12.	During software development which factor is most crucial?
	(A) People
	(B) Process
	(C) Product
	(D) Project
13.	Identifying customers and markets using data on demographics, markets, consumer
	behaviour, and trends is an example of:
	(A) Operational-level sales and marketing information system
	(B) Knowledge-level sales and marketing information system
	(C) Management-level sales and marketing information system
	(D) Strategic-level sales and marketing information system
14.	is any business-related exchange such as payments to employees, sales to
	customers, or payments to suppliers.
	(A) Data
	(B) E-commerce
	(C) A transaction
	(D) Input
15.	is software programs that were developed for a general market and that
	can be purchased in a store.
	(A) Proprietary software
	(B) Off-the -shelf software
	(C) Contract software
	(D) Application software

16.	In general, the information system can also be described in terms of
	(A) Operations
	(B) Functions
	(C) Events
	(D) Tasks
17.	is a collection of single-application software packages in a bundle
	designed to work similarly so that once you learn the basics for one application, the
	other applications are easy to learn and use.
	(A) Bundled software
	(B) Software suite
	(C) Productivity applications
	(D) General purpose software
18.	Information systems that support the firm in its interaction with its environment are
	said to be performing within the
	(A) Workgroup sphere of influence
	(B) Global sphere of influence
	(C) Enterprise sphere of influence
	(D) Individual sphere of influence
19.	The current major stage in the business use of IS is oriented towards
	(A) Cost reduction and Productivity
	(B) Gaining competitive advantage
	(C) Strategic advantage and costs
	(D) Improved customer relationship management
20.	Problems that are routine and have well- defined relationships are called
	(A) Structured problems
	(B) Programmed decisions
	(C) Simple problems
	(D) Heuristics

21.	GUI stands for
	(A) Graphical user interface
	(B) Graphical user interactive
	(C) Graphical user integration
	(D) Graphical user inference
22.	Data encryption concept is used for purposes.
	(A) Data hidden
	(B) Data display
	(C) Data processing
	(D) Data transfer
23.	Accounting, finance, marketing and human resources are known as
	(A) Executive information systems
	(B) Functional business areas
	(C) Geographic information system
	(D) Local information system
24.	A combination of a MIS and DSS is called which helps top managers
	make decisions.
	(A) GIS
	(B) EIS
	(C) EPI
	(D) CAM
25.	The most creative and challenging phase of system life cycle is:
	(A) Feasibility study
	(B) Maintenance
	(C) Design
	(D) None of the above

26.	Which of these items is a major component of today's IT infrastructure?
	(A) Data management technology
	(B) Networking
	(C) Technology services
	(D) All of the above
27.	converts cipher text back into plaintext.
	(A) Encryption
	(B) A firewall
	(C) Decryption
	(D) An encoder
28.	DML is provided for:
	(A) Description of logical structure of database
	(B) Addition of new structure in the database system
	(C) Manipulation & processing of database
	(D) Definition of physical structure of database system
29.	The database schema is written in:
	(A) HLL
	(B) DML
	(C) DDL
	(D) DCL
30.	A DBMS query language is designed to:
	(A) Support end users who use English-like commands
	(B) Support in the development of complex applications software
	(C) Specify the structure of a database
	(D) All of the above

	(A) Dynamic Data Language
	(B) Detailed Data Language
	(C) Data Definition Language
	(D) Data Derivation Language
32.	Information system that monitor the elementary activities and transactions of the
	organizations are:
	(A) Management-level system
	(B) Operational-level system
	(C) Knowledge-level system
	(D) Strategic-level system
33.	Tracking employee training, skills, and performance appraisals is an example of a
	human resource information system operating at the:
	(A) Operational-level
	(B) Management-level
	(C) Knowledge-level
	(D) Strategic-level
34.	Information systems can facilitate supply chain management by:
	(A) Tracking the status
	(B) Rapidly communicating orders
	(C) Providing product specifications
	(D) Doing all of the above
35.	Customer numbers and their names would be an example of the component
	of an order management information system.
	(A) Software
	(B) Hardware
	(C) Data
	(D) Procedure
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The full form of DDL:

31.

36.	If you are a recipients of sensitive information, such as might be overheard
	or contained in a misdirected email, this would not be illegal, but might be
	unethical to use it.
	(A) Active
	(B) Passive
	(C) Proper
	(D) Business
37.	A human order taker can be by passed when using a (n)
	(A) Office automation system
	(B) Management information system
	(C) Transaction processing system
	(D) Decision support system
38.	Data mining cannot be done if:
	(A) Operational data has not been archived
	(B) Earlier management decisions are not available
	(C) The organization is large
	(D) All processing had been only batch processing
39.	Which is not a domain of Artificial Intelligence?
	(A) Virtual Reality
	(B) Intelligent Agents
	(C) Expert system
	(D) None of the above
40.	Which computer based model is developed after human brain?
	(A) Fuzzy logic
	(B) Neural Network
	(C) Virtual Reality
	(D) All of the above

41.	Which of the following level of managers develop short-and medium-range plans,
	schedules, and budgets and specify the policies, procedures, and business
	objectives for their sub- units of the company?
	(A) Strategic
	(B) Tactical
	(C) Operational
	(D) Front Line
42.	is a field of science and technology based on disciplines such as computer
	science, biology, psychology, linguistics, mathematics and engineering.
	(A) Natural intelligence
	(B) Artificial intelligence
	(C) Articulate intelligence
	(D) None of the above
43.	involves using multi-sensory human-computer interface that enable
	human users to experience computer-simulated objects, spaces, activities, and
	"words" as if they actually exist.
	(A) Virtual office
	(B) Virtual reality
	(C) Real reality
	(D) Reality
44.	The can help you choose a product.
	(A) Office automation system
	(B) Management information system
	(C) Transaction processing
	(D) Decision support system
45.	The expert system uses a (n) to select the most appropriate response.
	(A) Inference
	(B) Decision support system
	(C) Knowledge base
	(D) Data source

46.	An intranet that is accessible by outside workers:
	(A) Firewall
	(B) Extranet
	(C) management information system
	(D) P2PN
47.	is the capability to continue as if nothing has happended, even after a
	major component failure.
	(A) Redundancy
	(B) Interoperability
	(C) Fault tolerance
	(D) Back up
48.	A storage device that is connected directly to a network is an example of
	(A) Network attached storage
	(B) Storage area network
	(C) Direct attached storage
	(D) RAID
49.	More than one of the same component is an example of a system.
	(A) Scalable
	(B) Redundant
	(C) RAID
	(D) Back up
50.	Which type of database stores data in two-dimensional tables?
	(A) Network
	(B) Hierarchical
	(C) Table
	(D) Relational

51.	The information of MIS comes from the boot source.
	(A) Internal
	(B) External
	(C) Superficial
	(D) Internal and external
52.	The Management Information System receives input from the
	(A) SSL
	(B) GPS
	(C) TPS
	(D) LMS
53.	Management information system is human-machine based system.
	(A) An interpreted
	(B) An interstellar
	(C) An integrated
	(D) An interdependent
54.	Information technology is the combination of computer science and
	(A) Telecommunications
	(B) Electronics
	(C) Digital marketing
	(D) Networking
55.	A digital firm is one where organization's operations are
	(A) Completely mobilized
	(B) Digitally enabled
	(C) Digitally marketed
	(D) Highly outsourced

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56.	E-busi	iness is not possible without
	(A) I	ntranet
	(B) E	Extranet
	(C) I	nternet
	(D) F	PC
57.		is the real world object.
	(A) F	Records
	(B) A	Attribute
	(C) (	Characteristic
	(D) E	Entity
58.		is the first step in the SDLC.
	(A) I	Design Development
	(B) I	Data Analysis
	(C) I	Documentation
	(D) F	Problem Identification
59.	AI sta	nds for
	(A) A	Artificial Internet
	(B) A	Artificial Intelligence
	(C) A	Analytical Intelligence
	(D) A	Actual Intelligence
60.	The fu	all form of IoT is
	(A) I	nternet of technology
	(B) I	nterconnection of things
	(C) I	nternet operating technology
	(D) I	internet of things

61.	Mainframe computer is for
	(A) Defense dept. only
	(B) MSME enterprises
	(C) Large corporates
	(D) Soloprenuers
62.	When a bank uses information to launch a personalized credit card product
	(A) This reduces costs
	(B) This adds value
	(C) This manages risk
	(D) Creates opportunity
63.	For a manager, the most important attribute of information quality is
	(A) Media
	(B) Presentation
	(C) Relevance
	(D) Manipulation
64.	The back bone of any organization is:
	(A) Information
	(B) Employee
	(C) Management
	(D) Capital
65.	The flow of information through MIS is:
	(A) Need dependent
	(B) Organization dependent
	(C) Information dependent
	(D) Management dependent

66.	MIS normally found in a manufacturing organization will not be suitable in
	the
	(A) Service sector
	(B) Banking sector
	(C) Agriculture sector
	(D) All of the above
67.	The basic component(s) of DSS is (are):
	(A) Database
	(B) Model base
	(C) DSS software system
	(D) All of the above
68.	GDSS is the short form of:
	(A) Group decision support system
	(B) Group discussion support system
	(C) Group decision service system
	(D) Group discussion support source
69.	Using a decision maker can make hypothetical changes to problem data
	and observe the impact on the results.
	(A) Simulation
	(B) What-if analysis
	(C) Optimization
	(D) Goal-seeking analysis
70.	Which of the following is NOT a goal of transaction processing systems?
	(A) Capture, process, and store transactions
	(B) Produce a variety of documents related to routine business activities
	(C) Reduce manual effort associated with processing business transactions
	(D) Produce standard reports used for management decision making

71.	is factors that are essential to the success of certain functional areas of ar
	organization.
	(A) Mission-critical factors
	(B) Critical success factors
	(C) Performance objectives
	(D) Strategic factors
72.	Critical information for top management is provided by information
	system.
	(A) Expert
	(B) Executive
	(C) Decision
	(D) Managerial
73.	sub system covers granting of credit and cost management.
	(A) Accounting
	(B) Purchase
	(C) Personnel
	(D) Sales
74.	processing is considered as the classical method of processing data.
	(A) Batch
	(B) Group
	(C) Sequence
	(D) Real
75.	In type of processing, data is processed immediately after a transaction
	occurs.
	(A) Batch
	(B) Parallel
	(C) Sequence
	(D) Real time

76.	In database handling reports used by software for data.
	(A) Condition
	(B) Specific
	(C) Periodic
	(D) Demand
77.	SCM stands for
	(A) Supply chain method
	(B) Supply collection management
	(C) Supply chain management
	(D) Search chain management
78.	means that information must reach the recipients within the prescribe
	timer frame.
	(A) Duration
	(B) Period
	(C) Timeliness
	(D) Time
79.	Customer numbers and their names would be an example of the
	component of an order management information system.
	(A) Software
	(B) Hardware
	(C) Data
	(D) Procedure
80.	What are the qualities of a good software?
	(A) Reusability
	(B) Portability
	(C) Inter-operability
	(D) All of the above

81.	Whi	ch of the following is not a characteristic of good information?
	(A)	Interchangeability
	(B)	Relevance
	(C)	Cost effectiveness
	(D)	Timeliness
82.		is an awareness and understanding of a set of information and ways that
	info	rmation can be made useful to support a specific task or reach a decision.
	(A)	Knowledge
	(B)	Data
	(C)	Feedback
	(D)	A process
83.	The	translation of strategic and organizational goals into system development
	initi	atives is called
	(A)	System development
	(B)	Information systems planning
	(C)	Project planning
	(D)	Project definition
84.	Info	rmation systems that monitor the elementary activities and transactions of the
	orga	nizations are
	(A)	Management-level systems
	(B)	Operational-level systems
	(C)	Knowledge-level systems
	(D)	Strategic systems
85.		system is concerned with the way information is used for purpose of
	cont	rol and applied technologies.
	(A)	Feedback
	(B)	Interview
	(C)	Interaction
	(D)	Conference

86.	The information generated at regular intervals is a information.
	(A) Depositing
	(B) Saving
	(C) Recurring
	(D) Collecting
87.	The information system deals with the flow of information about people
	working in the organization.
	(A) Record
	(B) Transaction
	(C) Personnel
	(D) Blocked
88.	The direct, computer-to-computer exchange of standardized, common business
	transaction documents between business partners, suppliers, and customers is
	(A) edi
	(B) es
	(C) eis
	(D) erp
89.	organizational structure employs individuals, groups, or complete
	business units in geographically dispersed areas who may never meet face to face
	in the same room.
	(A) Traditional
	(B) Virtual
	(C) Multidimensional
	(D) Matrix
90.	A is an abstraction or an approximation that is used to represent reality.
	(A) Model
	(B) System parameter
	(C) System performance standard
	(D) System

91.	is the fact that are properly arranged, classified and organized.
	(A) Data
	(B) Events
	(C) Statements
	(D) Information
92.	The component plays a decision rule for the computer.
	(A) Program
	(B) Statements
	(C) Input data
	(D) Conditions
93.	Prototype is a:
	(A) Working model of existing system
	(B) Mini model of existing system
	(C) Mini model of processed system
	(D) None of the above
94.	Deciding where to locate new production facility is an example of a manufacturing
	and production information system operating at the:
	(A) Operational level
	(B) Management level
	(C) knowledge level
	(D) Strategic level
95.	Enterprise systems support:
	(A) Manufacturing processes
	(B) Financial and accounting processes
	(C) Human resource processes
	(D) All of the above

96.	An application where only one user accesses the database at a given time is an
	example of a (n):
	(A) Single-user database application
	(B) Multiuser database application
	(C) E-commerce database application
	(D) Data mining database application
97.	In the spiral model risk analysis is performed:
	(A) In the first loop
	(B) In the first and second loop
	(C) In every loop
	(D) Before using spiral model
98.	Which phase in not available in software life cycle?
	(A) Coding
	(B) Testing
	(C) Maintenance
	(D) Abstraction
99.	is the information about data.
	(A) Data
	(B) Meta-data
	(C) Entity
	(D) Relations
100.	The advantages of creating a prototype are:
	(A) It allows developers to experiment with number of different design options
	(B) It can serve as means of communication between developers and customers
	(C) Both (A) and (B)
	(D) None of the above
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## Rough Work / रफ कार्य

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